UNITED STATES PLANT PATENT APPLICATION

of

L. PERNILLE AND MOGENS N. OLESEN

for

COMPACT FLORIBUNDA
ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULac010'

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

Rosa hybrida

VARIETY DENOMINATION

'POULac010'

The present invention constitutes a new and distinct variety of garden rose plant which originated from a

controlled crossing between a female parent 'POULmax',

described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Patent Application

No. 10/192,746 issued on July 9, 2002 and the unnamed male

parent. The two parents were crossed during the summer of

1992 and the resulting seeds were planted in a controlled

environment in Fredensborg, Denmark. The new variety is

15 named 'POULac010'.

The new variety may be distinguished from its female seed parent, 'POULmax' by the following combination of characteristics:

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1. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a flower bud color of Red Group 46C to 47D the same of 'POULac010' is Red-Purple Group 58A to 58B.

petal count of 18 to 22 petals the same of

- 2. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a
 - 'POULac010' is 36.

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- 3. While the seed parent 'POULmax' has a general tonality of Red Group 43C the same of 'POULac010' is Red-Purple Group 58C.
- The new variety may be distinguished from its unnamed male pollen parent, by the following combination of characteristics:
 - While the pollen parent has flower tonality which is true red, 'POULac010' is Red-Purple Group 58D.
 - 2. While the pollen parent has a larger flower bud size than that of 'Poulac010'.

The objective of the hybridization of this rose

variety was to create a new and distinct variety for

garden use with unique qualities, such as:

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- 1. Uniform and abundant pink flowers;
- 2. Vigorous, but compact growth when propagated both as a budded rose and on its own roots;
- Disease resistance.

This combination of qualities is not present in previously available commercial cultivars of this type, known to the inventors, and distinguish 'POULac010' from all other varieties of which we are aware.

As part of their rose development program, L.

Pernille Olesen and Mogens N. Olesen germinated the seeds

from the aforementioned hybridization during winter of

1992 and conducted evaluations on the resulting seedlings

in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark.

'POULac010' was selected in the spring 1993 by the inventors as a single plant from the progeny of the aforementioned hybridization.

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Asexual reproduction of 'POULac010' by traditional budding and rooted cuttings was first done by L. Pernille and Mogens N. Olesen in their nursery in Fredensborg, Denmark in July, 1993. This initial and other subsequent asexual propagations conducted in controlled environments have demonstrated that the characteristics of 'POULac010' are true to type and are transmitted from one generation to the next.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustration shows as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves, and stems, of 'POULac010'. Specifically illustrated in SHEET 1:

Fig 1.1; Open flower, and cluster of open

flowers, showing branching, and the attachment of leaves, buds, and peduncles;

Fig 1.2; Sepals, peduncles, receptacles;

Fig 1.3; Flower petals, detached;

Fig 1.4; Compound leaf;

Fig 1.5; Bare stem exhibiting thorns.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The following is a description of 'POULac010', as observed in its growth in a field nursery in Jackson County, Oregon. Observed plants were budded on to Rosa multiflora root stock and are 3 years of age. Color references are made using the Royal Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart, 1995, except where common terms of color are used.

For a comparison, several physical characteristics of the rose variety 'Poulmona', a rose variety from the same inventors described and illustrated in U.S. Plant Patent Application No. 10/211,119 dated August 2, 2002, are compared to 'POULac010' in Chart 1.

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CHART 1

	'POULac010'	'POULmona'
General tonality	Red-Purple Group 58C	Red-Purple Group 58B
Petalage	45 petals	25 to 30 petals
Bud Color at 1/4 open.	Red-Purple Group 58 A to 58 B	Red-Purple Group 58 B and C
Compound leaf	80 mm (l) x 45 mm (w)	90 mm (1) x 75 mm (w)

Parents:

Female Seed Parent: 'POULmax'

Male Pollen Parent: Unnamed plant

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FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

Blooming habit: Continuous.

Flower bud:

25 Size: Upon opening, 27 mm in length

from base of receptacle to end

of bud.

Bud form: Pointed ovoid.

Bud color: As sepals unfold, petals are

Red-Purple Group 58A to 58B.

Sepals:

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Upper Surface:

5 Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B to

144A.

Surface: Moderately pubescent.

Lower Surface:

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144B.

Sepal Shape: Sepal apex is cirrhose.

Base is flat at union with

receptacle.

Sepal Margin: Margins have no foliaceous

appendages on three of the

15 five sepals.

Size: 21 mm (1) x 7 mm (w).

Receptacle:

Surface Texture: Smooth.

Shape: Urn-shaped.

Size: 6 mm (h) \times 6 mm (w).

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Peduncle:

Surface: Smooth and glabrous.

Length: 30 to 35 mm in length.

25 Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Anthocyanic intonations of Greyed-Orange Group 177A observed.

Strength: Somewhat strong.

Borne:

In clusters of 5 flower

buds per stem.

Flower bloom:

Fragrance:

Light floral scent.

Duration:

The blooms have a duration on

the plant of approximately 7 to

10 days. After flowers have

completely matured, petals fall

cleanly away from plant.

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Size:

Flower diameter is 55 mm when

open. Flower depth is 28 mm on

average.

Form:

General shape is a rosette with

many overlapping petals of

20 varied sizes.

Shape of flower when viewed from the side:

Upon opening,

upper part: flattened convex.

lower part: flattened convex.

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Open flower,

upper part: flat.

lower part: concave.

Petalage:

45 petals under normal conditions

with 12 petaloids.

Color:

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Upon opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58A to

10 58B.

Inner Side: Red-Purple Group 58C.

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58B to

58C.

Inner Side: 15

Red-Purple Group 58C.

Upon opening, basal petal spots:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 5B.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 5B.

20 Innermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 5B.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 5B.

After opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

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Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58D with

light intonations of Red-

Purple Group 58B.

Inner Side:

Red-Purple Group 58D.

Innermost petals:

5 Outer side: Red-Purple Group 58 with

light intonations of Red-

Purple Group 58B.

Inner Side:

Red-Purple Group 58D.

After opening, basal petal spots:

Outermost petals: 10

Outer Side:

Yellow Group 5C.

Inner Side:

Yellow Group 5C.

Innermost petals:

Outer Side: Yellow Group 5C.

Inner Side:

Yellow Group 5C.

On open flower Red-Purple Group General Tonality:

58C. No change in the general

tonality at the end of the 10th

day.

Petals:

Petal Reflex: Somewhat reflexed.

Margin:

Entire and uniform.

Shape:

Apex:

Round.

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Base:

Acute.

Variable. Outer petals are 30 Size:

 $mm(1) \times 30 mm(w)$. Inner petals

are 28 mm (1) \times 15 mm (w).

Texture:

Smooth.

5 Thickness: Average.

Arrangement:

Not Formal.

Petaloids:

Quantity: 10 to 15.

Color:

Upper Surface: Red-Purple Group 58D. 10

Lower Surface: Red-Purple Group 58D.

Size:

23 mm (1) x 15 mm (w).

Shape:

Apex is rounded. Base is

acute.

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Reproductive Organs:

Pistils:

Length: 4 mm.

Quantity: 35.

Pollen: 20

None observed.

Anthers:

Size: 2 mm in length.

Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 162A.

Quantity: 40 (actual count).

Filaments: 25

Color: Yellow Group 8A to 8B.

Length: 6 mm.

Stigmas: Inferior relative to the

length of filaments and

5 the height of the anthers.

Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 160C.

Styles:

Color: Greyed-Yellow Group 160C.

Hips: None Observed in the field nursery in

Jackson County Oregon.

PLANT

Plant growth: Moderate, upright to bushy. When
grown as a budded field grown plant
on Rosa multiflora understock, the
average height of the plant is 40 to

60 cm and the average width is 40 cm.

Stems:

20 Color:

Young wood: Yellow-Green Group 146C.

Older wood: Yellow-Green Group 146C.

Surface Texture:

Young wood: Smooth.

25 Older wood: Rough.

Thorns:

Incidence: 14 thorns per 10 cm of stem.

Size: Average length: 6 mm.

Color: Greyed-Orange Group 175B.

5 Shape: Concave.

Plant foliage: Normal number of leaflets on

normal leaves in middle of the

stem: 5 to 7 leaflets.

10 Compound Leaf size: On average, compound

leaves are 80 mm in length

by 45 mm wide.

Color:

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Mature Foliage:

Upper surface is Yellow-Green Group
147A to 147B. Lower surface is

Yellow-Green Group 146B.

Juvenile foliage:

Upper surface is Yellow-Green Group

144A with intonations of Yellow-Green

Group 152A. Lower surface is Yellow-

Group 152A. Anthocyanic intonations

Green Group 144A with Yellow-Green

the color of Greyed-Orange Group 173A

observed.

Anthocyanin:

Location: New shoots and leaves.

Color: Greyed-Orange Group 173A.

5 Plant leaves and leaflets:

Stipules:

Size:

25 mm in length.

Quantity:

2 per compound leaf.

Margins:

Medium to average quantity

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of stipitate glands

observed.

Color:

Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Petiole:

Length:

Color:

27 mm.

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Yellow-Green Group 144A to

144B. Anthocyanic

intonations the color of

Greyed-Red Group 181A

observed.

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Underneath:

Prickles.

Observations: Few stipitate glands on

upper surface.

Rachis:

Length:

35 to 40 mm.

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Color:

Yellow-Green Group 144A to

144B.

Underneath:

Prickles.

Observations: Few stipitate glands on

upper surface.

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Leaflet:

Margins:

Doubly serrated.

Size:

Average size of the

terminal leaflet on normal

leaves 22 to 30 mm (1) x

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16 to 27 mm (w).

Shape:

Ovate to round. Leaflet

base is cuneate. Leaflet

apex is cuspidate.

Arrangement: Odd pinnate.

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Venation:

Reticulate.

Texture:

Smooth.

Glossiness:

Glossy.

Disease resistance:

Above average resistance to mildew, rust, black 20 spot, and <u>Botrytis</u> under normal growing conditions in Jackson County, Oregon.

Cold Hardiness:

The variety 'POULac010' has been found to be cold tolerant to USDA Cold Hardiness Zone 6.